

LOCTITE[®] H4500™

May 2010

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

LOCTITE[®] H4500[™] provides the following product characteristics:

Technology	Acrylic		
Chemical Type	Methacrylate		
Appearance (Part A)	White		
Appearance (Part B)	Black viscous liquid		
Appearance (Mixture)	Grey ^{LMS}		
Components	Two component - requires mixing		
Mix Ratio, by volume - Part A: Part B	10 : 1		
Thixotropic	Reduced migration of liquid product after application to substrate		
Key Substrates	Steel, Aluminum, Stainless Steel, Epoxy-coated metal, SMC and Plastics		
Cure	Room temperature cure		
Application	Bonding		
Specific Benefit	 Excellent environmental resistance Excellent tolerance to off-ratio mixing Superior impact and peel strength Primer not required 		
	 Non-sagging gaps filled to 12.7 mm Non-corrosive 		

 $LOCTITE^{$ [®] H4500TM is a methacrylate adhesive system that forms resilient bonds and maintains its strength over a wide range of temperatures.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

Part A: Specific Gravity @ 25 °C Flash Point - See MSDS	0.99
Viscosity, Cone & Plate, 25 °C, mPa·s (cF Cone CP50-1 @ shear rate 50 s ⁻¹	P): 14,900
Part B: Specific Gravity @ 25 °C Flash Point - See MSDS	0.96
Viscosity, Cone & Plate, 25 °C, mPa·s (cF Cone CP50-1 @ shear rate 50 s ⁻¹	P): 9,200
Mixed: Working Time @ 25 °C, minutes (maximum time before assembly): Polyethylene Steel Aluminum	15 15 15

TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

Fixture Time

Fixture time is defined as the time to develop a shear strength of 0.1 N/mm² . Fixture Time, ISO 4587, minutes: Grit Blasted Mild Steel 10 to 15

Peak Exotherm Temperature

Peak Exotherm Temperature, 10 gram mass:	
Peak Temperature Time, minutes	27
Peak Temperature, °C	140

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED MATERIAL

Physical Properties:		
Glass Transition Temperature (Tg), ISO 11359-2, °C	107	
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, ISO 11359-2, K ⁻¹ :		
Pre Tg	107×	10-6
Post Tg	219×	10-6
Shore Hardness, ISO 868, Durometer D	73	
Linear Shrinkage, %	6.2	
Volume Shrinkage, %	17.5	
Elongation, at break, ISO 527-2, %	11	
Elongation, at yield, ISO 527-2, %	5	
Tensile Strength, at break, ISO 527-2	N/mm² (psi)	19.5 (2,830)
Tensile Strength, at yield, ISO 527-2	N/mm² (psi)	32 (4,660)
Tensile Modulus, ISO 527-2	N/mm² (psi)	1,370 (198,700)

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL Adhesive Properties

Cured for 24 hours @ 22 °C. Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587: Stainless steel	N/mm (psi)	² ≥20.6 (≥3,00	
Cured for 72 hours @ 22 °C Impact Strength, ISO 9653, J: Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS) Aluminum (abraded) Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS) @ -4	40 °C	12 11 5	
"T" Peel Strength, ISO 11339:			
Steel		N/mm (lb/in)	10 (58)
Aluminum		N/mm (lb/in)	(88) 5 (29)



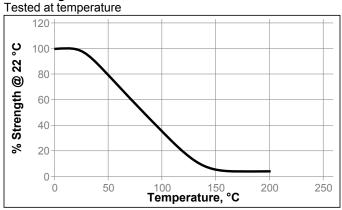
Block Shear Strength, ISO 13445:

Ferrite Magnet to Steel	N/mm²	21
	(psi)	(3,020)
Phenolic	N/mm ²	3.3
	(psi)	(475)
Glass	N/mm ²	5.3
	(psi)	(770)
Acrylic	N/mm ²	3.3
	(psi)	(490)
Ероху	N/mm ²	7.9
	(psi)	(1,140)
ABS	N/mm ²	2.4
	(psi)	(345)
PVC	N/mm ²	1.1
	(psi)	(160)
Polycarbonate	N/mm ²	4.1
•	((E00)
	(psi)	(590)
	(psi)	(590)
Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:		、
Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587: Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS)	N/mm²	11
Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS)	N/mm² (psi)	11 (1,610)
1 8 /	N/mm² (psi) N/mm²	11 (1,610) 21
Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS) Aluminum	N/mm² (psi) N/mm² (psi)	11 (1,610) 21 (2,990)
Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS)	N/mm² (psi) N/mm² (psi) N/mm²	11 (1,610) 21 (2,990) 20.7
Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS) Aluminum Stainless Steel	N/mm² (psi) N/mm² (psi) N/mm² (psi)	11 (1,610) 21 (2,990) 20.7 (3,000)
Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS) Aluminum	N/mm ² (psi) N/mm ² (psi) N/mm ² (psi) N/mm ²	11 (1,610) 21 (2,990) 20.7 (3,000) 15
Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS) Aluminum Stainless Steel Galvanized Steel	N/mm² (psi) N/mm² (psi) N/mm² (psi) N/mm² (psi)	11 (1,610) 21 (2,990) 20.7 (3,000) 15 (2,140)
Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS) Aluminum Stainless Steel	N/mm ² (psi) N/mm ² (psi) N/mm ² (psi) N/mm ² (psi) N/mm ²	11 (1,610) 21 (2,990) 20.7 (3,000) 15 (2,140) 9.7
Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS) Aluminum Stainless Steel Galvanized Steel FRP	N/mm² (psi) N/mm² (psi) N/mm² (psi) N/mm² (psi)	11 (1,610) 21 (2,990) 20.7 (3,000) 15 (2,140) 9.7 (1,410)
Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS) Aluminum Stainless Steel Galvanized Steel	N/mm ² (psi) N/mm ² (psi) N/mm ² (psi) N/mm ² (psi) N/mm ²	11 (1,610) 21 (2,990) 20.7 (3,000) 15 (2,140) 9.7

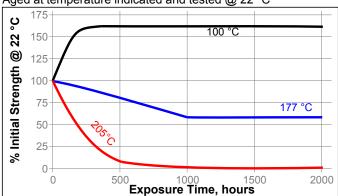
TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

Cured for 72 hours @ 22 °C Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587: Grit Blasted Mild Steel (GBMS)

Hot Strength



Heat Aging Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22 °C



Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C.

		% of initial strength		
Environment	°C	500 h	1000 h	
Air	87	150	150	
Water	22	150	150	
95% RH	40	90	130	
Salt fog	35	100	100	
Condensing Humidity	49	100	80	

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

Directions for use:

- 1. For high strength structural bonds, remove surface contaminants such as paint, oxide films, oils, dust, mold release agents and all other surface contaminants.
- 2. Use gloves to minimize skin contact. DO NOT use solvents for cleaning hands.
- 3. Dual Cartridges: To begin using a new cartridge, remove cartridge cap and dispense a small amount of adhesive, making sure both parts A&B are extruding. Attach nozzle and dispense approximately 25 to 50mm, before applying onto part to be bonded. Partially used cartridges can be stored with the mixing nozzle attached. To reuse, remove and discard old nozzle, attach the new nozzle, dispense approximately 25 to 50mm, before applying onto part to be bonded.

Bulk Containers: Normally material is dispensed through volumetric metered mixing equipment, attached to static mix nozzles.

- 4. For maximum bond strength apply adhesive evenly to both surfaces to be joined.
- 5. Application to the substrates should be made as soon as possible. Larger quantities and/or higher temperatures will reduce the working time.
- 6. Join the adhesive coated surfaces and allow to cure. Higher temperatures will speed up curing.

- Keep assembled parts from moving during cure. The bond should be allowed to develop full strength before subjecting to any service load.
- 8. Excessive uncured adhesive can be cleaned up with ketone type solvents.

Loctite Material Specification^{LMS}

LMS dated April 14, 2009. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

Storage

The product is classified as flammable and must be stored in an appropriate manner in compliance with relevant regulations. Do not store near oxidizing agents or combustible materials. Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may also be indicated on the product container labelling.

Optimal Storage: 2 °C to 8 °C. Storage below 2 °C or greater than 8 °C can adversely affect product properties.

Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representive.

Conversions

 $(^{\circ}C \ge 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}F$ kV/mm x 25.4 = V/mil mm / 25.4 = inches μ m / 25.4 = mil N x 0.225 = lb N/mm x 5.71 = lb/in N/mm² x 145 = psi MPa x 145 = psi N·m x 8.851 = lb·in N·m x 0.738 = lb·ft N·mm x 0.142 = oz·in mPa·s = cP

Note

The data contained herein are furnished for information only and are believed to be reliable. We cannot assume responsibility for the results obtained by others over whose methods we have no control. It is the user's responsibility to determine suitability for the user's purpose of any production methods mentioned herein and to adopt such precautions as may be advisable for the protection of property and of persons against any hazards that may be involved in the handling and use thereof. In light of the foregoing, Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims all warranties expressed or implied, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, arising from sale or use of Henkel Corporation's products. Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims any liability for consequential or incidental damages of any kind, including lost profits. The discussion herein of various processes or compositions is not to be interpreted as representation that they are free from domination of patents owned by others or as a license under any Henkel Corporation patents that may cover such processes or compositions. We recommend that each prospective user test his proposed application before repetitive use, using this data as a guide. This product may be covered by one or more United States or foreign patents or patent applications.

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Reference 0.0